

CMSI 182
INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER SCIENCE
Fall 2007

Assignment 0913

As a reminder, note that the assignment number (“0913”) indicates the due date; I will ask for submissions at the beginning of class on that day.

Not for Submission

Read Chapter 1 in the Brookshear book.

For Submission

1. Below is a table listing numbers “as we know them” in the first column, their binary representation (in 8 bits) in the second column, and their hexadecimal representation in the third column. Fill in the blanks.

<i>“Normal” Number</i>	<i>Binary Representation</i>	<i>Hexadecimal Representation</i>
22		
		6B
254		
128		
	0111 1000	
		AB
		2D
	0000 1010	
99		
		99

2. Let’s play *The Adventure of the Dancing Bits* — encode or decode the following messages using ASCII. If the message is to be encoded, use hexadecimal. Watch out for upper vs. lower case, spaces between words, and punctuation — they matter!
- a. *encode:* TTYL
 - b. *decode:* 48 65 6C 6C 6F 20 77 6F 72 6C 64 21
 - c. *encode:* Meet at midnight
 - d. *decode:* 4D 41 59 20 54 48 45 20 46 41 52 43 45 20 42 45 20 57 49 54 48 20 54 48 45 45
 - e. *encode:* I have a SECRET...
3. Suppose an alien race wishes to learn about binary data storage from you. They understand English very well, and are excellent at following instructions. Write up the following “how-to” recipes as precisely as possible, so that they can perform these tasks correctly without having to really understand what they’re doing.
- a. How to represent any number from zero to 15 as a four-bit binary number.
 - b. How to convert any letter of the English alphabet into its equivalent ASCII hexadecimal code.